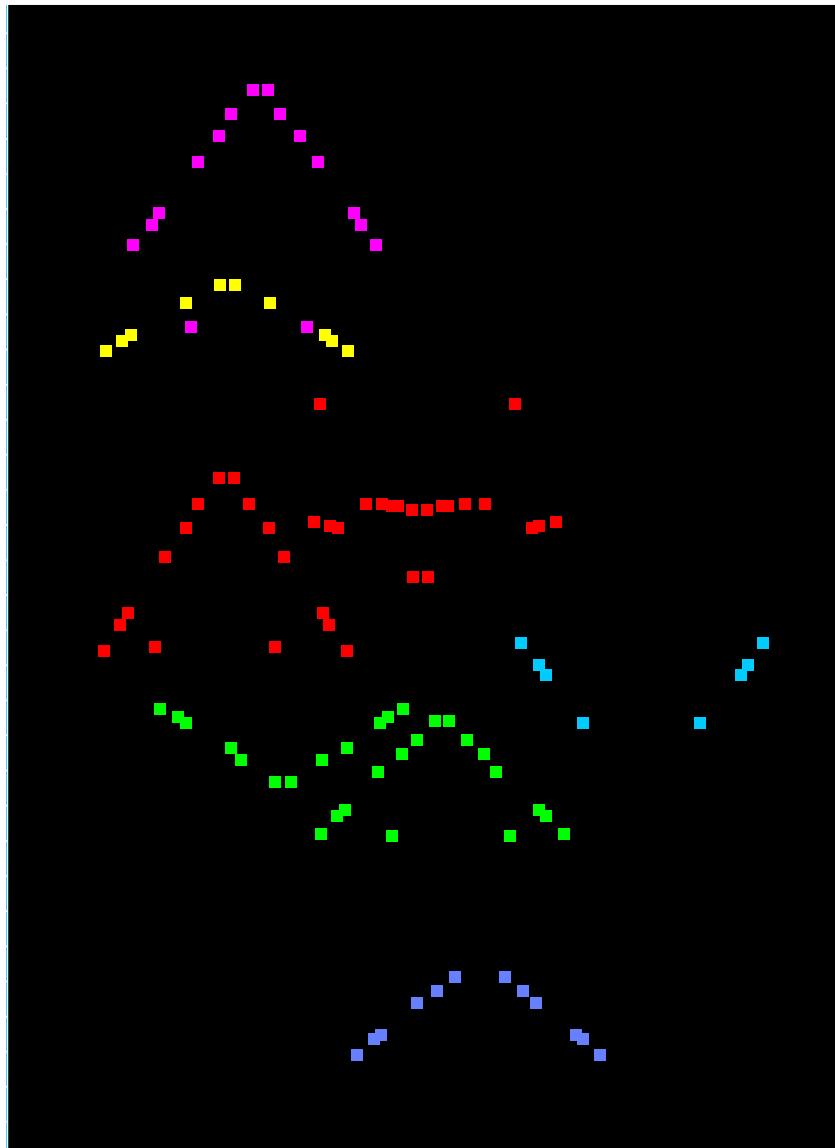


Visualizing ATLAS High-Luminosity Events



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Padova, Italy
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Outline

Why visualize event?

- ❖ Check reconstruction algorithms
 - now against simulation
 - later against data
- ❖ check detector at startup
- ❖ check events in analysis
 - new physics candidates
 - pathological candidates
 - unknown (forgotten) bkgs.

ATLANTIS

- ❖ Descends from ALEPH's event display DALI
- ❖ Emphasizes understanding physics

Tools to tackle complexity:

- ❖ Using V-Plot
- ❖ Finding z-vertex
- ❖ Filtering hits

Tracking Comparisons

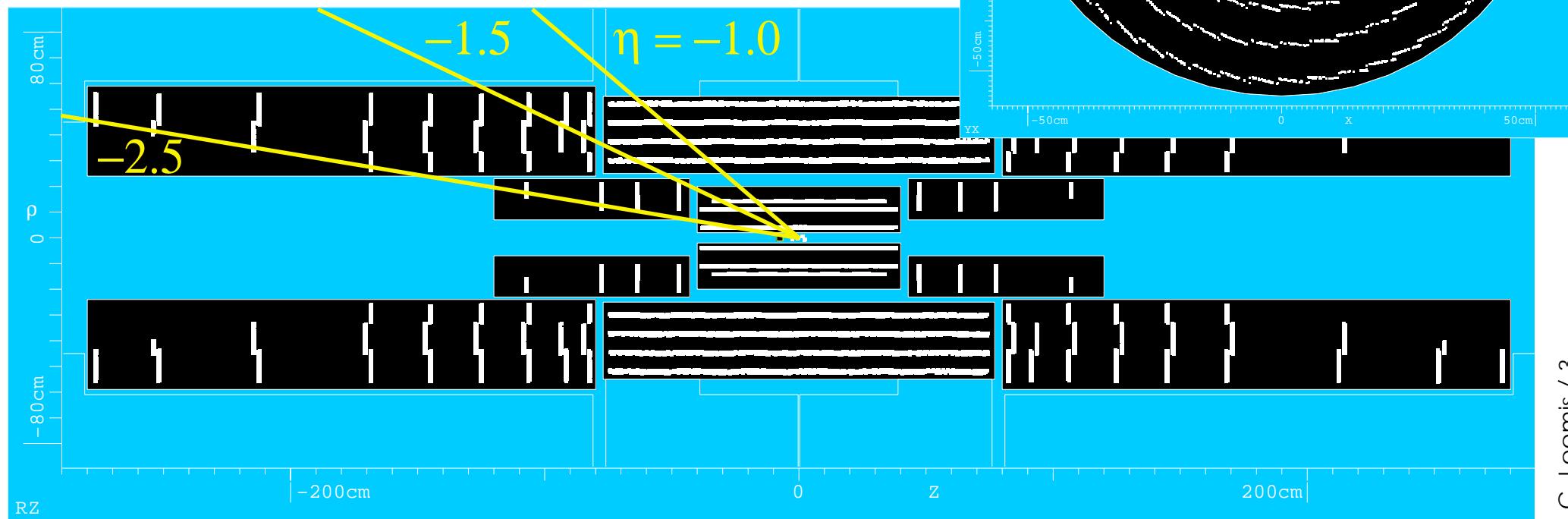
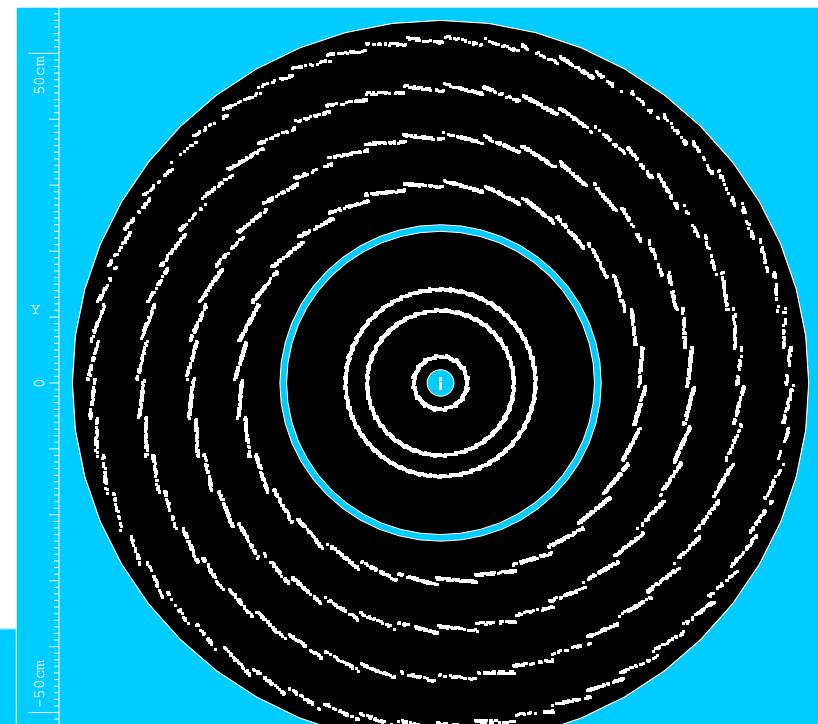
Conclusions & Future Work

High-Multiplicity of InnerDetector

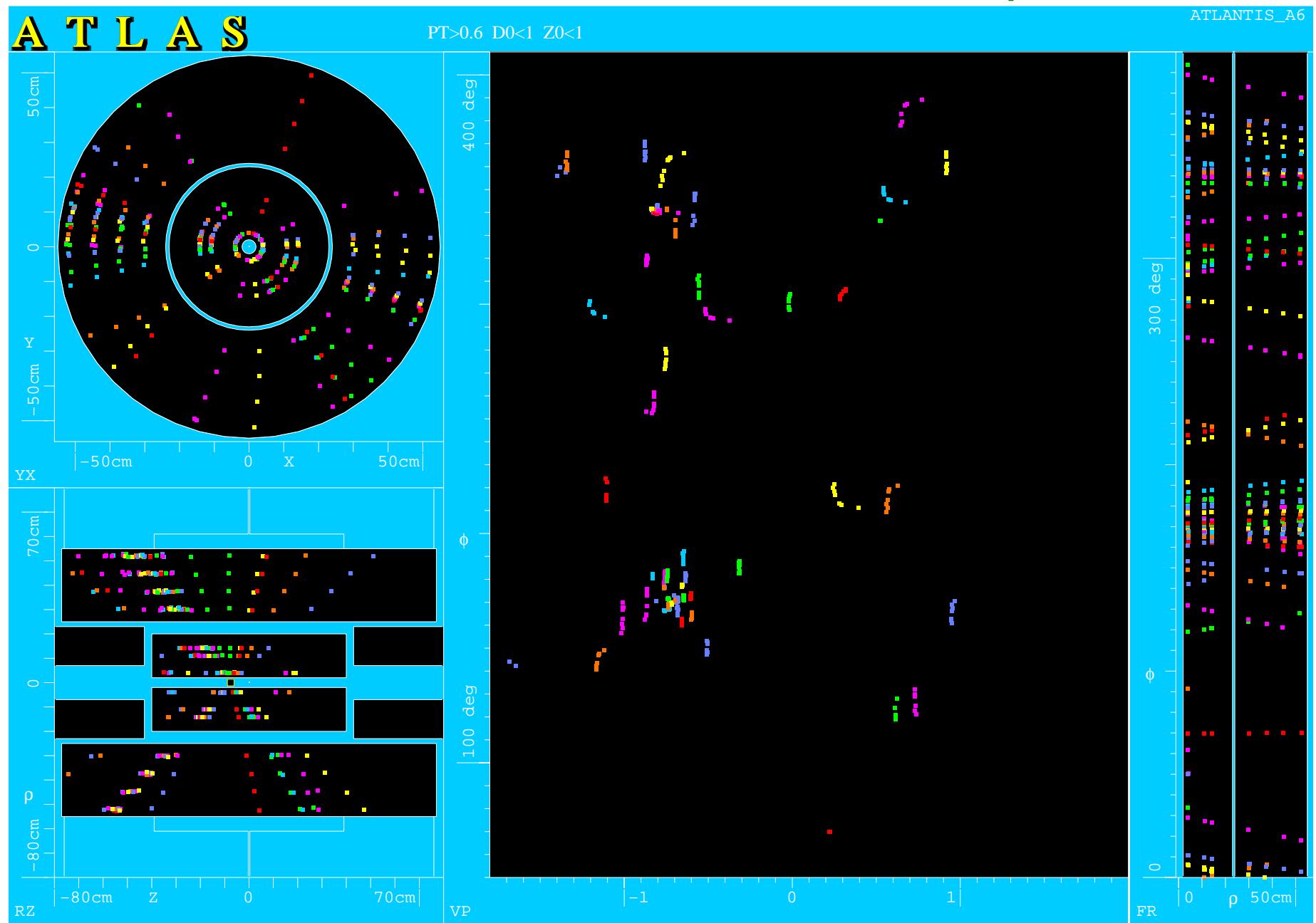
$pp \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$

$|\eta| < 2.5$ $|\eta| < 1.5$

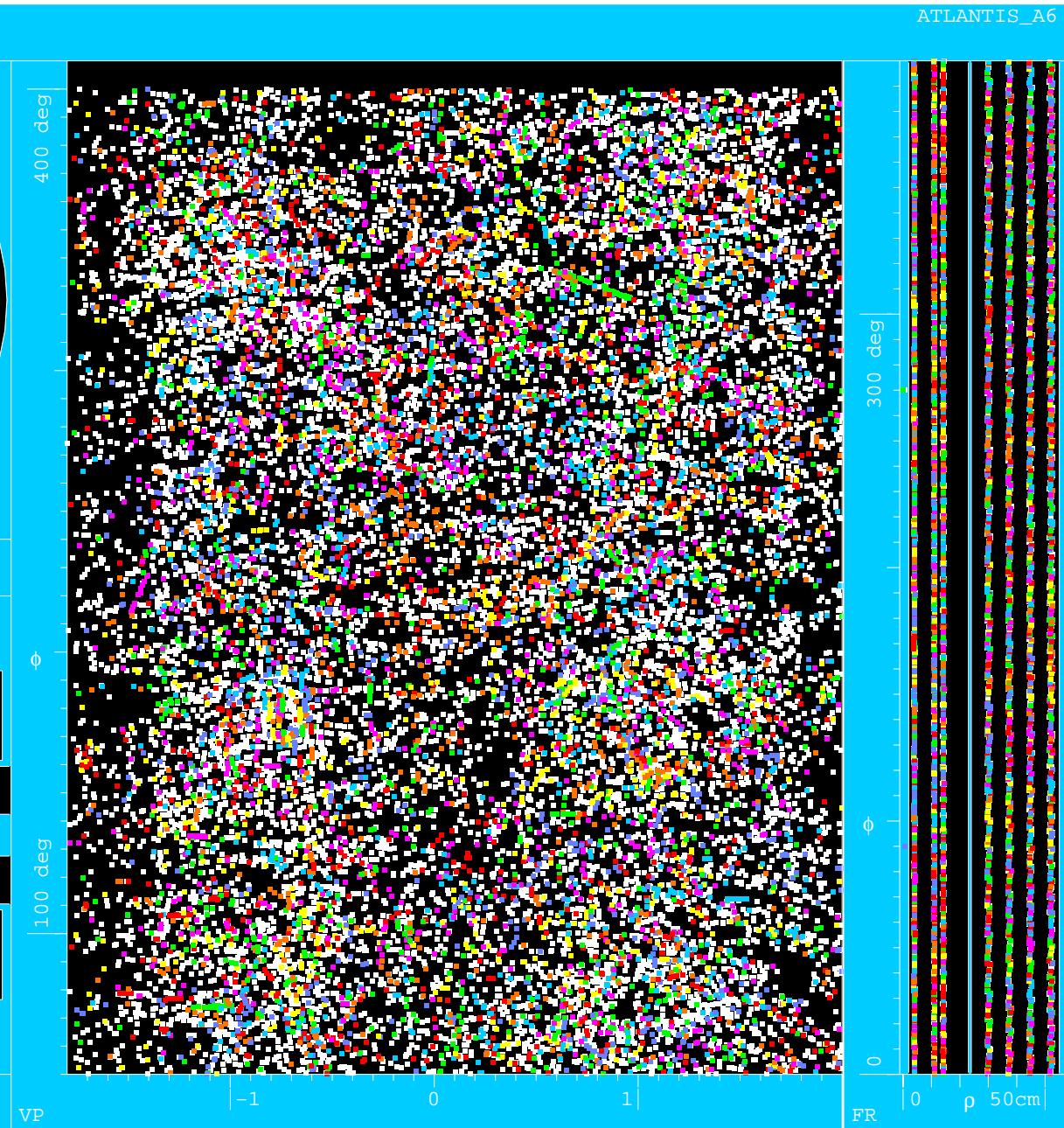
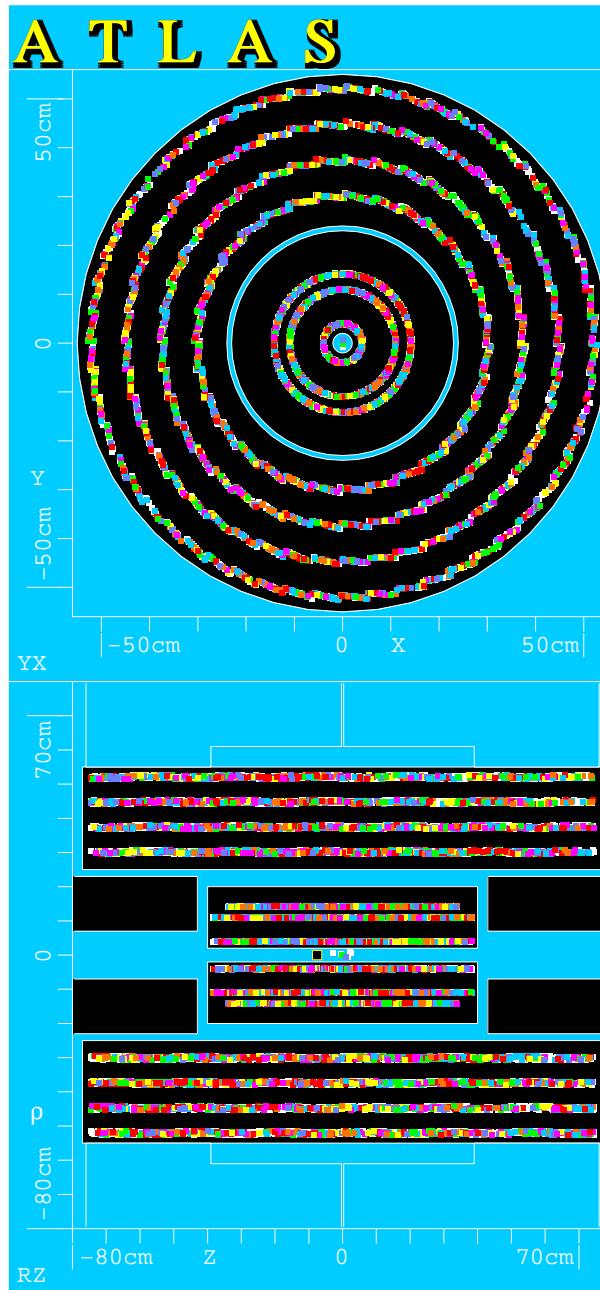
Trks. (<0.6GeV)	896 (51)	541 (40)
Trks. (>0.6GeV)	388 (45)	251 (41)
Space Points	37202	19404



HZ Event Without Pileup



HZ Event With Pileup



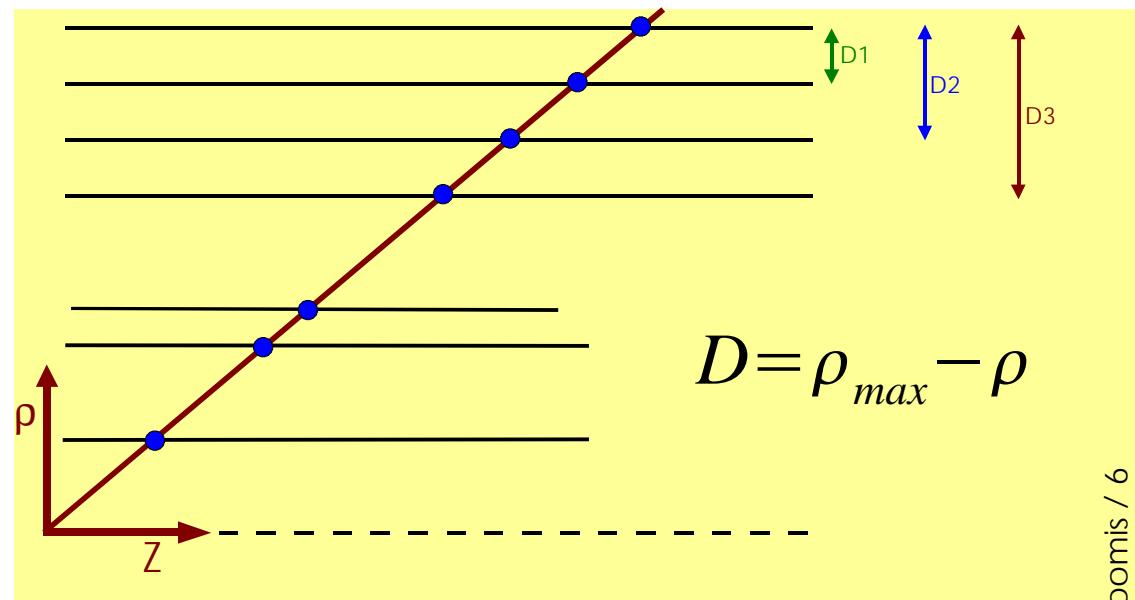
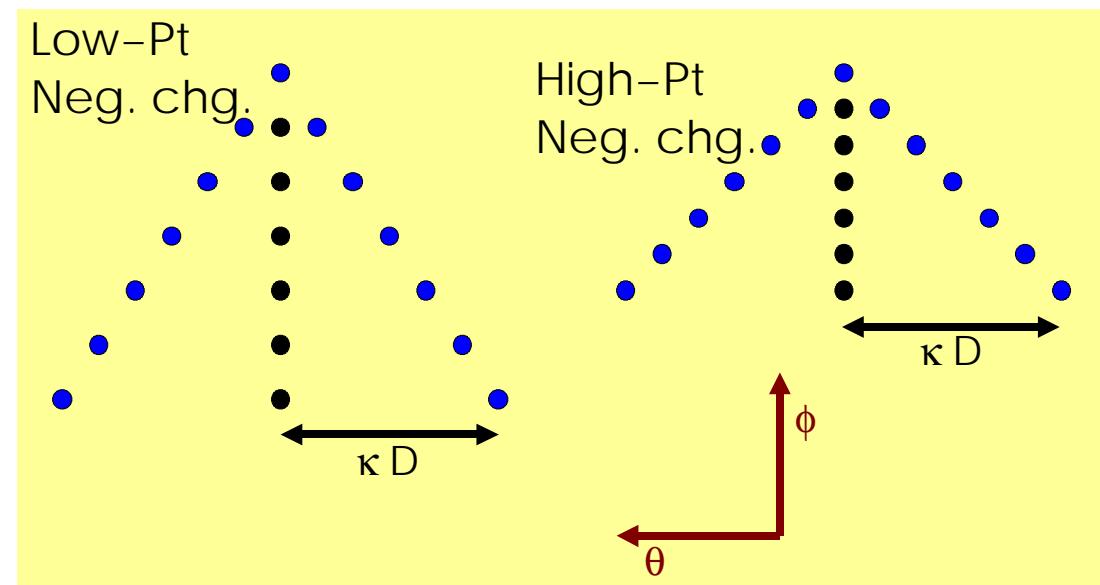
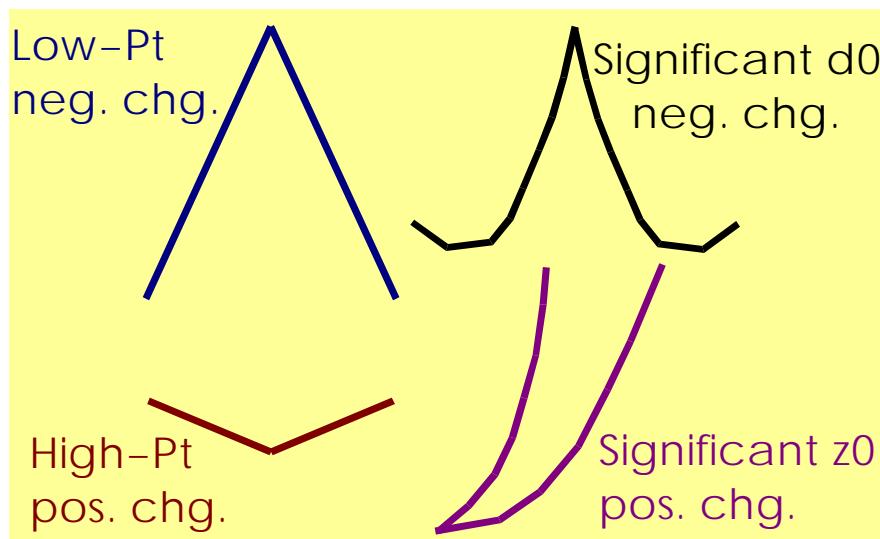
Tool 1: V-Plot

Plot two points for every spacepoint:

- ❖ center two points at (ϕ, θ)
- ❖ distance proportional to the distance to edge of detector

Visually from V-plot:

- ❖ $\phi, \theta, pt, charge, d_0$, and z_0



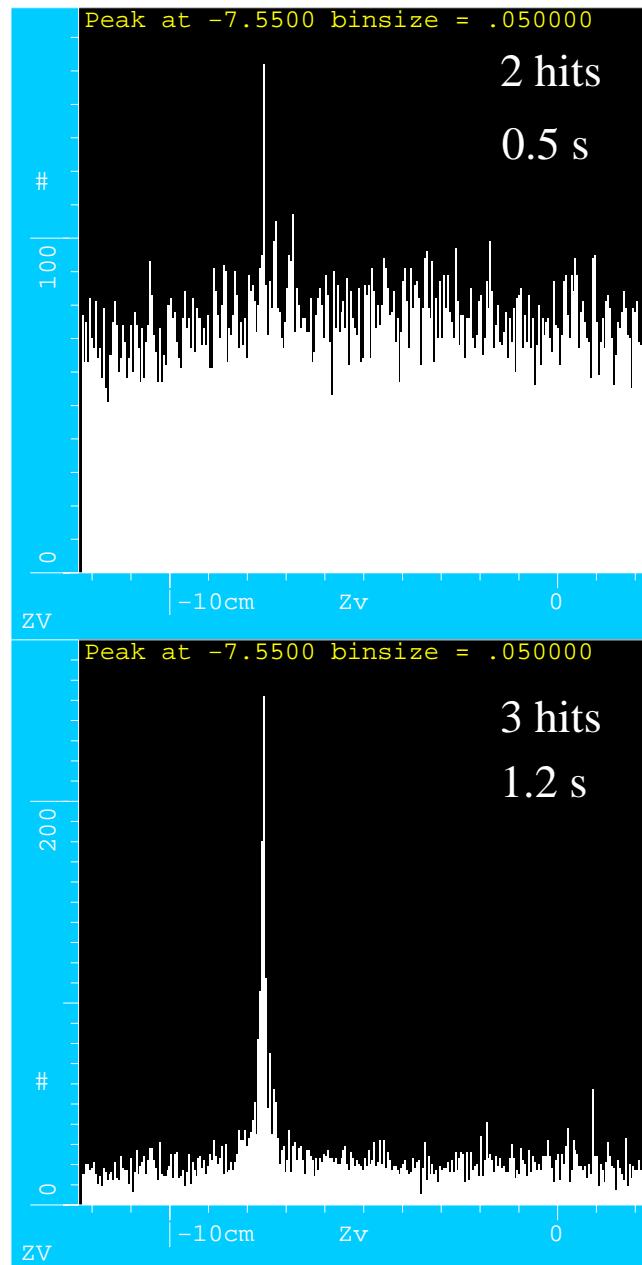
Tool 2: Finding the Z-Vertex

In ρ vs. z plane:

- ❖ form lines from all doublet or triplet (ϕ vs. ρ) combinations
- ❖ histogram of z-intercept
- ❖ choose z-vertex as the bin with the most entries

Speed:

- ❖ Doublet and triplet versions
 - better result from triplet version
 - but, 2.5× longer execution time
- ❖ tricks used to optimize method
- ❖ could obtain vertex from elsewhere
 - e.g. $pp \rightarrow HZ \rightarrow bb\mu\mu$ could get vertex from muons



Tool 3: Filtering Algorithm

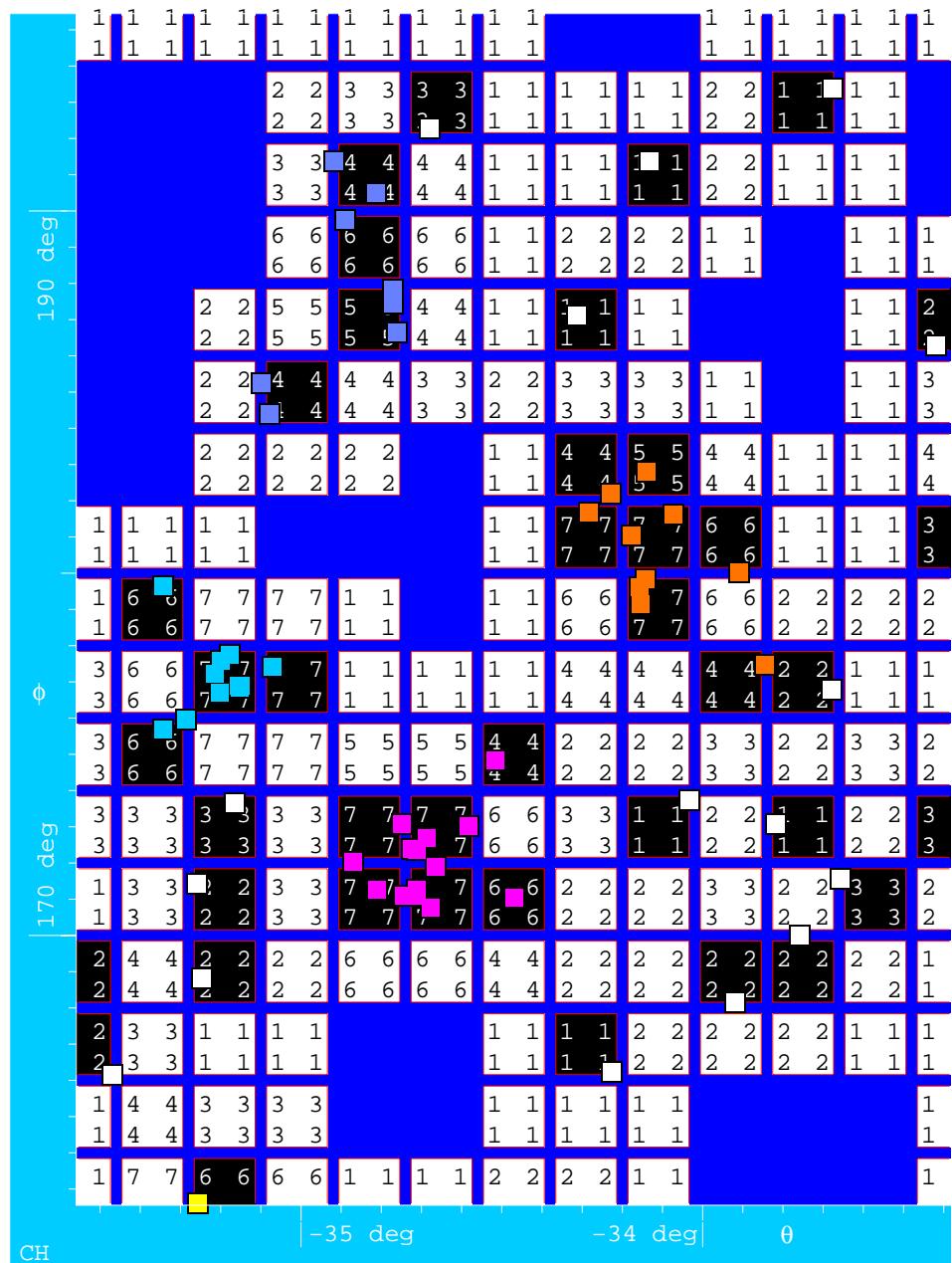
Bin spacepts. in ϕ vs. η
(180×1000 bins)

Count number of DIFFERENT LAYERS in each bin.

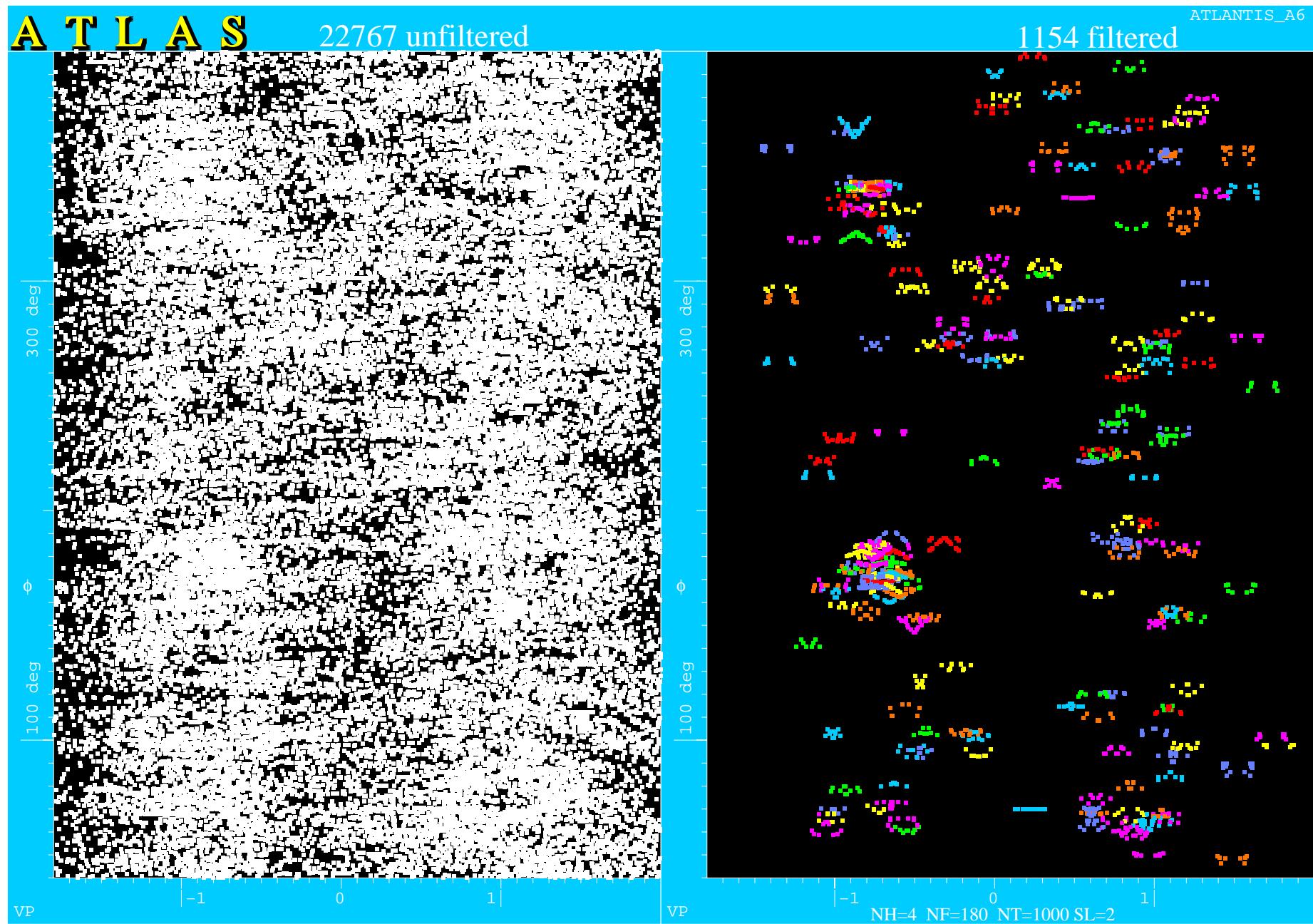
Cut spacepts. In bins with fewer than 4 layers firing

Group the spacepoints by clustering neighboring bins

- ❖ helps to associate hits in crowded regions (jets)



V-Plot Without & With Filter



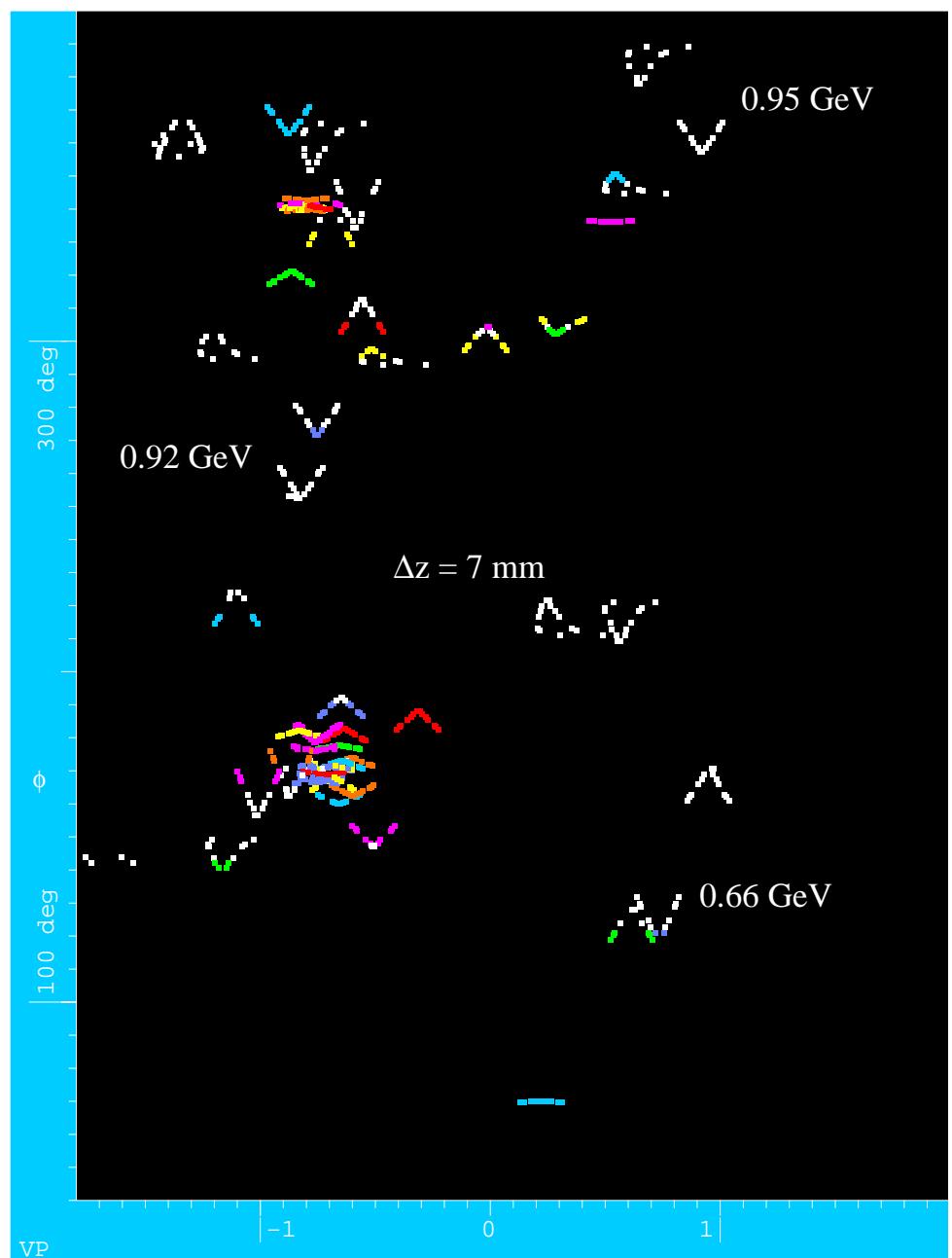
Performance of Hit Filter

Performs well on Higgs event

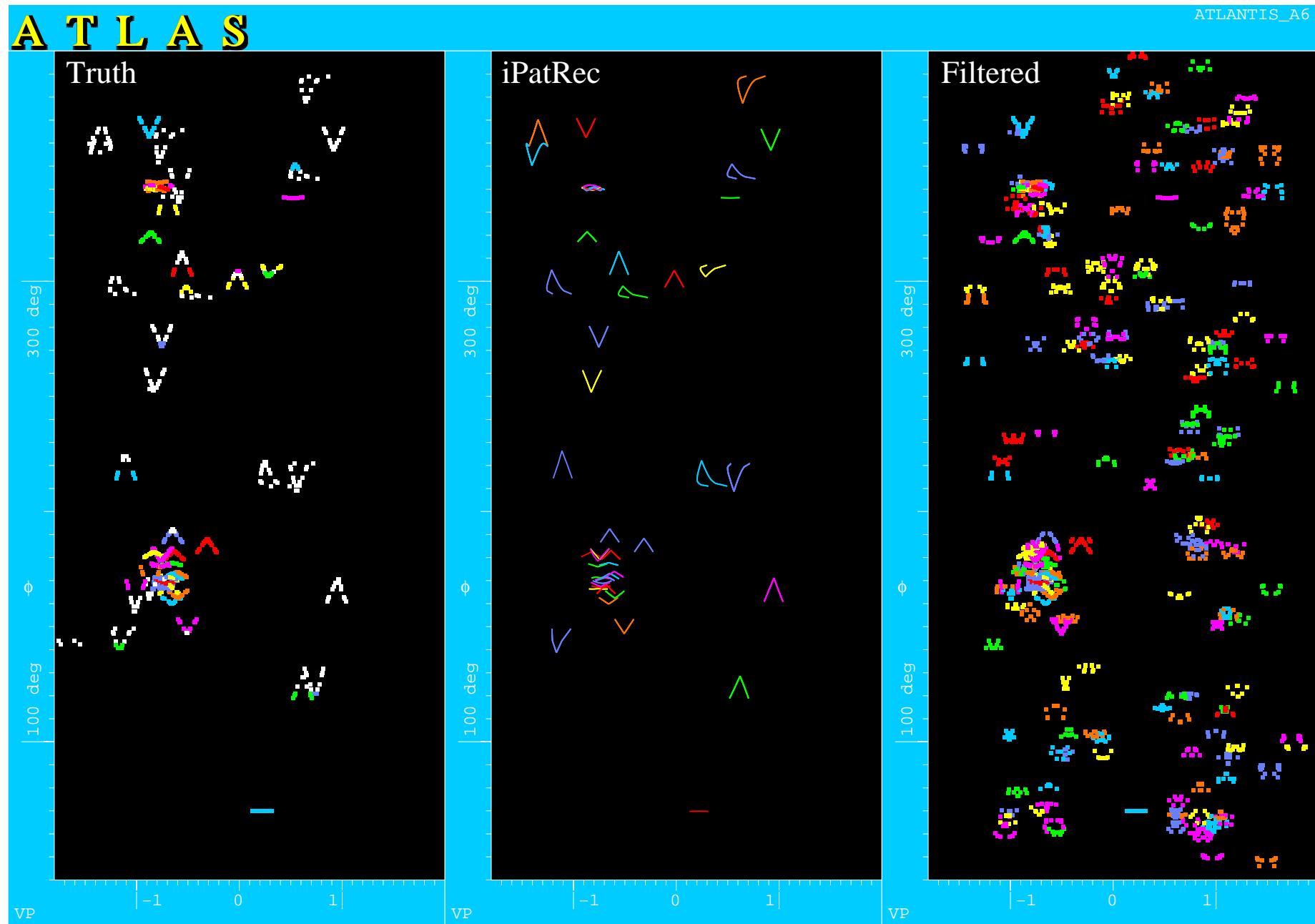
- ❖ Lose low-pt tracks
 - binning in ϕ is an implicit cut on transverse momentum
- ❖ Lose tracks from other z-vertices
 - θ binning cuts on z-position

Can tune parameters to change performance.

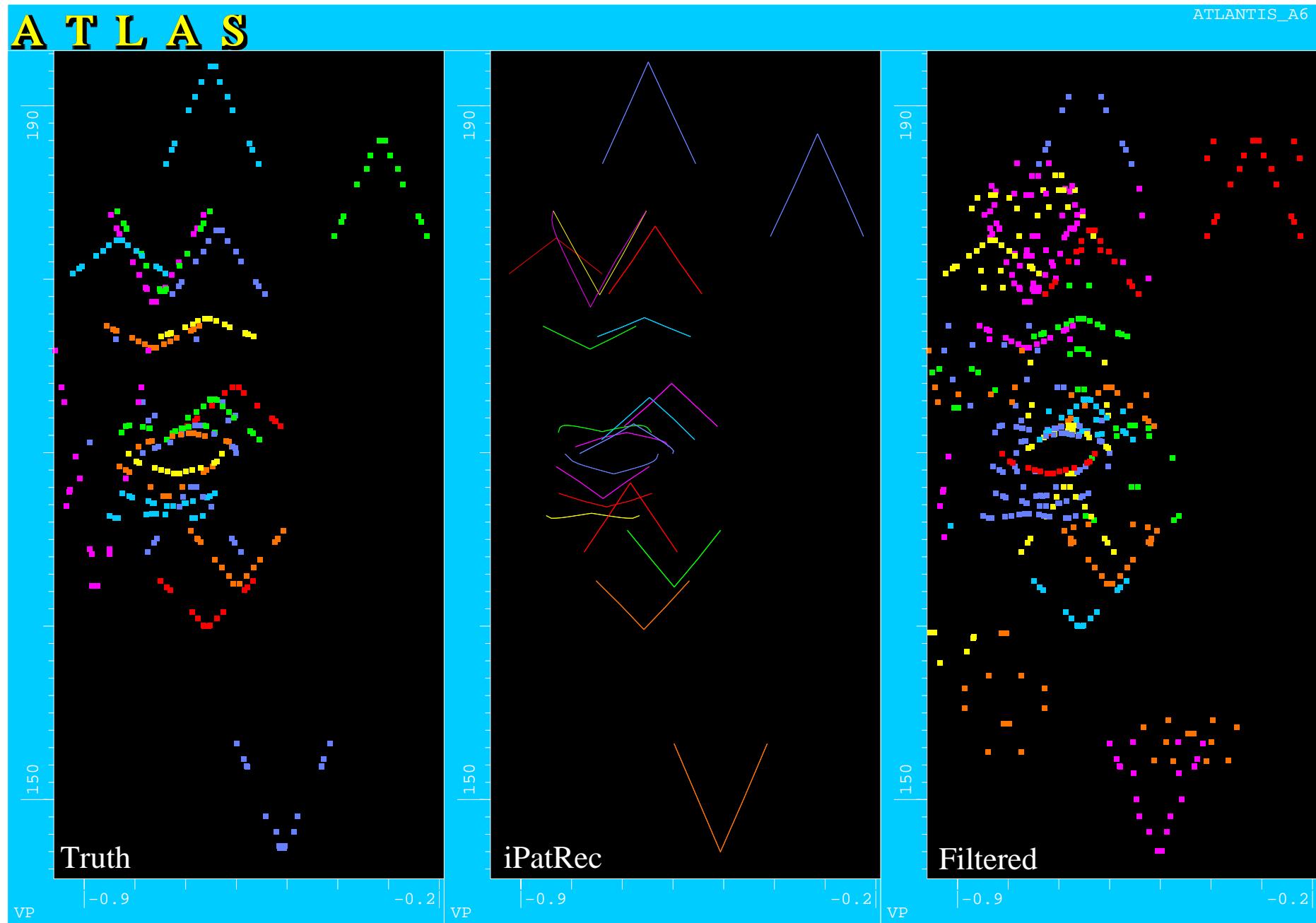
- ❖ e.g. Filter for low-pt tracks



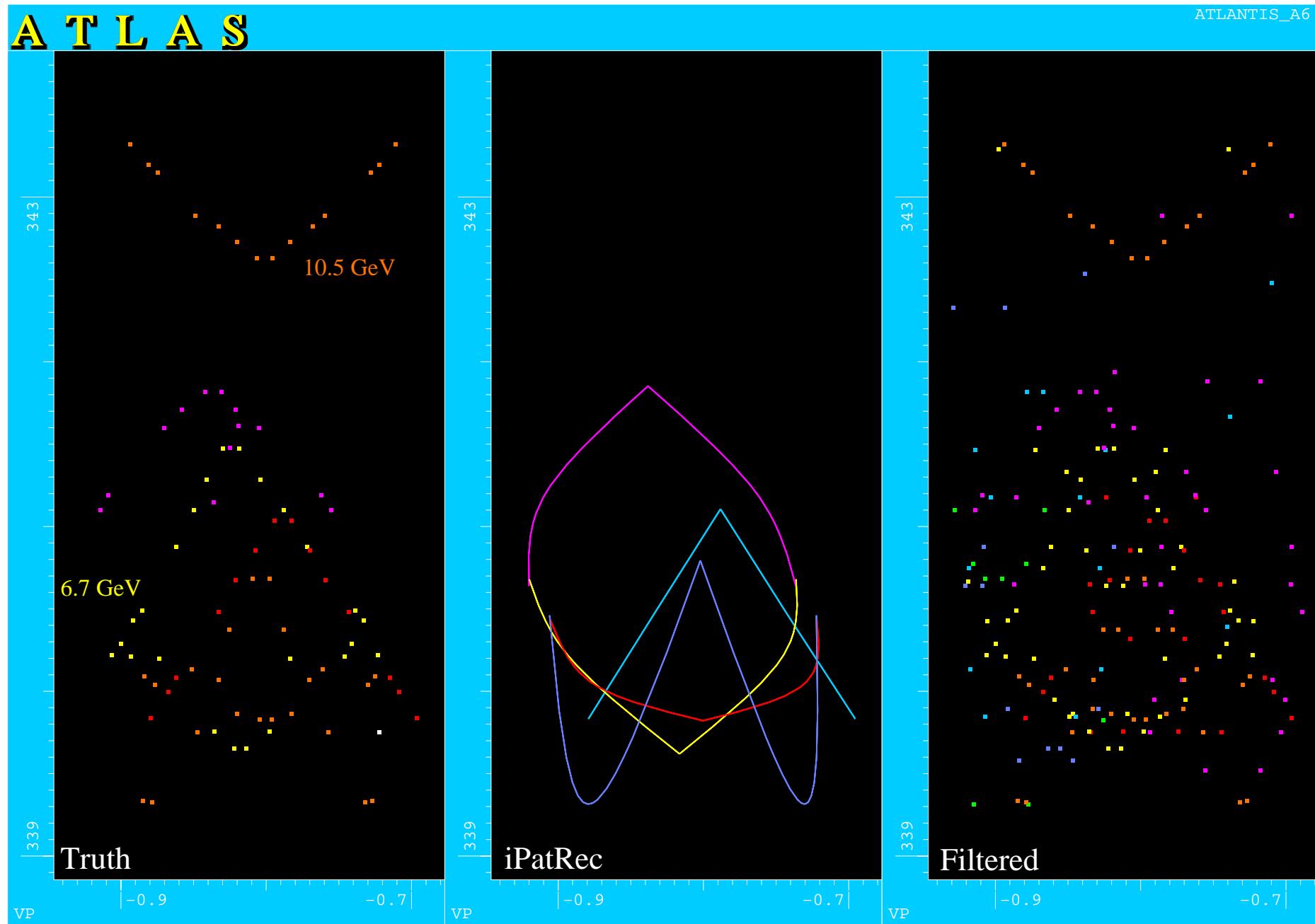
Comparison of iPatRec and Filter



Zoomed View of Jet 1



Zoomed View of Jet 2



Conclusions

Events are too crowded to understand with traditional views, BUT...

Tools make visualization possible:

- ❖ V-plot allows:
 - quick visual check of tracking performance
 - allows checks to be done WITHOUT Monte Carlo truth information!
- ❖ Z-finding algorithm works
- ❖ Hit filtering works and helps to group associated spacepts.

& Future Work

Get other subdetector data

- ❖ Transition Radiation Tracker
- ❖ Calorimeters
- ❖ Muons

Solve technical issues

- ❖ θ dependence of SCT spacepts.

Improve method in endcaps

Use Java rather than FORTRAN:

- ❖ graphics speed adequate
- ❖ port Z-finder
- ❖ port hit filter